



THE
FAMILY
BUILDING
SOCIETY

**JOINT MORTGAGE
SOLE OWNER**

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OUR JOINT MORTGAGE SOLE OWNER (JMSO) ARRANGEMENT IS DESIGNED TO ENABLE FAMILY MEMBERS TO HELP EACH OTHER REALISE THEIR HOUSING GOALS, IN SOME CASES EARLIER THAN OTHERWISE WOULD BE POSSIBLE. THIS LEAFLET WILL HELP YOU TO DETERMINE IF A JMSO ARRANGEMENT IS RIGHT FOR YOUR SITUATION.

HOWEVER, IT'S IMPORTANT TO NOTE THAT THINGS DON'T ALWAYS GO TO PLAN, SO BEFORE APPLYING YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER BOTH THE BENEFITS AND THE DOWNSIDES OF A JMSO ARRANGEMENT, SO PLEASE PAY CAREFUL ATTENTION TO THE IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS SECTION ON PAGE 7.

Whether it's taking that first step on the housing ladder, making a step up, carrying out renovations or even helping older members of the family stay in their home if their circumstances change, we're here to help. Our JMSO arrangement means that borrower(s) can call upon the support of their parent(s) or, in the case of older members of the family, adult children can support their parents if their circumstances change. By pooling family resources in the short term it can enable family member(s) to achieve what they need to much sooner or more easily than if they were to try and do it alone.

The JMSO arrangement can also be used by couples with a Buy to Let property where the owning partner may not have sufficient independent income of their own.

Our JMSO arrangement lets one or two owners plus up to two family members join in the mortgage to support the owner(s). The supporting family members won't be joint owners of the property but they will be counted as borrowers.

We must review all JMSO enquiries before you submit an application, so we'll ensure you're eligible before you have to worry about going through the application process. Plus our normal lending criteria will also apply.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

LISTED BELOW ARE SOME FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQS). THESE FAQS WILL HELP YOU TO DECIDE IF A JMSO ARRANGEMENT IS SUITABLE FOR YOUR NEEDS AND WHETHER OR NOT YOU MIGHT BE ELIGIBLE.

Note: Where we refer to an ‘occupying borrower’ (the property owner) and a ‘non-occupying borrower’ (the person who does not own the property) throughout this document, it’s in relation to the property used as the occupying borrower’s home.

For Buy to Let, where none of the borrowers will occupy the property, the terms ‘owning borrower’ (the property owner) and ‘non-owning borrower’ (the person who does not own the property) will be used.

Who might this mortgage be suitable for?

People who have a realistic prospect of their income rising in the near future, and in the meantime have the support of their parent(s) who are willing to be non-occupying borrower(s). Older borrowers can call upon the support of their children if they have the means to do so.

Below are some illustrative examples explaining the types of people who would be eligible:

Jane is a newly qualified teacher who’s looking to move closer to her new school. She’s found a great property in an ideal location, but her starting salary is not quite enough for her to meet the payments on her own at the moment. Her father is keen to help, and offers his support with funding in the short term, as he knows her salary is likely to increase significantly over the next few years.

Jack and Angela are looking to replace the ageing roof on their property and need to raise

the funds to do this. They are currently both on the police ‘fast track’ scheme, and earn £21,000 now, but their salaries are likely to increase to around £47,000 at the end of the 3 year scheme. Jack’s mum and dad have agreed to help them remortgage their home, so that he and Angela can carry out the renovations.

Catherine recently lost her husband, and the loss of his pension income means she’s currently having difficulty meeting her mortgage payments. She doesn’t want to move out of her family home of 30 years, so her son has offered to help her with the mortgage payments so she doesn’t have to.

Louise and Graham moved into Louise’s flat two years ago. Graham has been letting out his old flat since then and has recently started his own business. His tenants recently left and Graham wants to remortgage his flat to borrow some extra money to refit the kitchen and bathroom before letting again, but needs support from Louise to join in the mortgage.

Who would not be eligible to apply for this mortgage?

Anyone who has no income of their own, or whose current level of income is less than £20,000. There should be scope for the occupying borrower(s)’ income to reach a suitable level to support the loan on their own. The only exception would be if a working adult helped his or her parents as occupying borrowers.

Richard is an excellent student, who is tipped for a great career in the near future, but he's currently earning nothing as he's in his final year of university. Even though Richard's parents are willing to help him get his first home, a JMSO arrangement would not be an option available to him.

Who can help me get a JMSO arrangement?

Non-occupying borrowers are limited to parents helping their adult children or adult children helping their parents. For a Buy to Let property you can also get support from spouses or partners.

How many applicants are there?

Up to two occupying borrowers can be assisted by one or two non-occupying borrowers, for example a young professional couple applies to be the occupying borrowers supported by one set of their parents. Similarly, a working adult could help his or her parents who would be the occupying borrowers.

In Buy to Let cases there will be one owning borrower and one non-owning borrower.

Who will make the mortgage payments?

The monthly mortgage payment has to come from a bank account in the name of at least one of the borrowers, but it doesn't have to be the occupying borrower(s). For Buy to Lets it doesn't have to be the owning borrower(s).

Is this available for both purchase and remortgage?

Yes, but for remortgages any additional funds being borrowed over the amount of the existing mortgage can only be used to buy out another owner or where essential home improvements are necessary.

Is this available on an interest only basis as well as repayment?

Yes, although we do have some restrictions.

- The repayment vehicle must be held in the names of the borrowers on our mortgage, although not all the borrowers need to be named.
- If the repayment vehicle is the sale of the non-occupier(s) property, there must be enough equity in the property to repay our mortgage and also allow the non-occupiers to buy another property.
- We will not accept a repayment vehicle that is held jointly between a borrower and a third party. For example, if a child and one parent were on our mortgage, we would not accept a repayment vehicle in the name of both parents.

What's the maximum loan to value (LTV)?

- 75% for owner occupier
- 65% or 70% for Buy to Let (depending on the product chosen)

What are the minimum and maximum loan amounts?

- Minimum: £45,000
- Maximum: £500,000

What's the maximum age limit for applicants?

Standard age limits apply, however if any amount of the loan is on an interest only basis, the mortgage must finish before the anticipated retirement age of the eldest borrower or age 70, whichever is sooner.

How is affordability calculated?

In most cases, we firstly assess the non-occupying borrower(s) net monthly income using our standard affordability test, to establish

how much of the proposed loan they can comfortably cover. We then carry out an affordability test on the occupying borrower(s) income to ensure they can cover the remaining commitment.

When you contact us initially to assess your eligibility, as part of this we'll calculate the affordability based on your circumstances, so we'll help you to work this out.

Will I have to pay solicitors fees?

Yes, for both buying a property and remortgages you will need to pay the fees. If you choose one of our owner occupier fees assisted remortgage products we'll contribute £250 towards your legal costs.

Will I need to get legal advice?

Whether you're an occupying borrower or a non-occupying borrower we think it's important that you all seek legal advice so you understand the potential implications of the JMSO arrangement, before taking out the mortgage. However, it's only a condition of the mortgage for the non-occupying borrower(s) to seek separate independent legal advice. This may be from a solicitor or licenced conveyancer from the same firm acting for the occupying borrower(s), but not the same person acting on the occupying borrower(s) behalf. You are responsible for paying the fees for this advice. This is in addition to any solicitors fees arising as part of the purchase or remortgage transaction.

Who owns the property?

Only the occupying borrower(s) will be listed as the owner(s).

Whose name will appear on the mortgage?

The names of all borrowers will be listed.

How long does the JMSO arrangement last for?

The non-occupying borrower(s) can be removed from the JMSO arrangement when the occupying borrower(s) are able to fully support the mortgage by their own means. After you contact us we'll undertake an affordability test to establish if this is possible.

Is a JMSO arrangement available on all Family Building Society mortgages?

No, a JMSO arrangement isn't available as an option for the Family Mortgage or the Retirement Lifestyle Booster product.

Protection Insurance

Taking out any mortgage is a big commitment, but with a JMSO arrangement other people may be dependent on your income, or you may be dependent on theirs, so you might want to consider taking measures to help minimise the risks.

To speak to us about any of the following call us on **03300 244618**:

- Life Insurance
- Critical Illness
- Family Income Benefit
- Income Protection
- Whole of Life
- Over 50s Life Cover

IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

A borrower (“you”) is any person who has agreed to be responsible for the mortgage, whether or not you also occupy or own the property. Where there is more than one of you, **you are all collectively and individually responsible for the mortgage**. This means we can enforce our rights against any one of you individually or against all of you together. This includes the commitment to (a) make the monthly mortgage repayments and (b) repay the outstanding mortgage balance, if any, at the end of the mortgage term, on voluntary sale of the property or in the event of repossession. It also includes other commitments such as the insurance and maintenance of the property.

You’ve agreed to be a borrower to this proposed mortgage, but not all of you will be named on the Title as an owner of the property. As a result there are some things you may wish to consider before taking out the mortgage:

1. Not all of you will be living in the property. Those of you who will be should carefully consider the fact that your ownership and occupation of the property is reliant on the contributions to the mortgage payments continuing to be made by the borrowers who will not be living at the property.
2. Any borrowers who will not be living at the property or listed as an owner must take separate independent legal advice in regards to your responsibility under the mortgage. This will be a condition of your Mortgage Offer.
3. A mortgage is a long term commitment so please consider how your circumstances may change in the future, and how that could impact your ability to support this mortgage.
4. Changes to health or illness may require additional expenditure and may create problems with your ability to maintain payments.
5. If one of you loses their job or faces a reduced income, the others will have to make up that person’s contribution to the mortgage payments. This will apply even if you do not occupy or own the property.
6. The death of the owner(s) will leave the rest of you with the responsibility to make mortgage payments against a property that you may not own or wish to finance or that may need to be sold.
7. A dispute between you may result in one or more of you wishing to stop contributing towards the mortgage payments. This would not absolve you of your personal liability to the Society to pay the mortgage, and the occupier(s) should be aware that it is them that would ultimately lose their home (unless they can afford to meet the entire repayment themselves).
8. Being party to a mortgage, even if you don’t own the property, may affect your ability to borrow with other financial institutions. Your financial commitment under a mortgage will appear within future credit searches.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT
YOUR MORTGAGE ADVISER.

ALTERNATIVELY, TELEPHONE OUR
FRIENDLY AND HELPFUL TEAM
WHO CAN GUIDE YOU THROUGH
YOUR OPTIONS.

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This leaflet can be provided in alternative formats on request.



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